

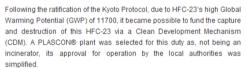
English Español Portuguese

### Greenhouse Gas Destruction at Quimobásicos, Mexico

- Waste treated HFC-23 from HCFC-22 production
- Quimobásicos in Monterrey, Mexico
- This case study includes Company History, Simplified Reaction Chemistry and Destruction Efficiency

#### Background

Quimobásicos S.A. de C.V. is a Mexican chemical manufacturing company. Their plant in Monterrey, Mexico, operates two refrigerant process lines for HCFC-22. The process for manufacturing HCFC-22 produces a small quity of HFC-23 as a byproduct. As the global market for HFC-23 is extremely small, historically the major portion of this byproduct has been vented to atmosphere.



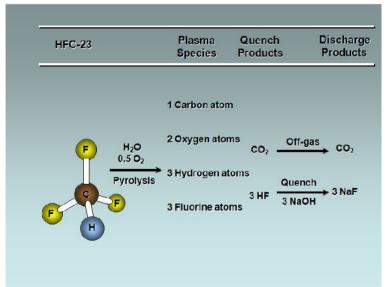


#### **Waste Treated**

The HFC-23 gas from the refrigerant manufacturing operations is buffered in a feed tank, before being fed directly to the PLASCON® plant. This incoming gas contains a small portion of air and HCFC-22, which is also destroyed by the PLASCON® plant.

## Chemistry

The decomposition chemistry for HFC-23 follows:



Note - H<sub>2</sub>O is added in the form of steam, and the required oxygen comes from compressed air.

# **Operational Performance**

Quimobásicos' PLASCON® plant has been operating since April 2006, destroying HFC-23, and earning Certified Emission Reductions (CERs) under the conditions of the Kyoto Protocol. Destruction Efficiency (DE) has been calculated at between 99.9999999 and 99.9999999 during 2007, with flow rates ranging from 30kg/h to 60kg/h.

Detailed information on the project, in relation to the Kyoto Protocol, can be found at http://cdm.unfccc.int/Projects/DB/DNV-CUK1138260062.21/view.